UNIT TITLE: CONVERSE IN ENGLISH AT A BASIC OPERATIONAL LEVEL

NOMINAL HOURS: 120

UNIT NUMBER: D1.LAN.CL10.01

UNIT DESCRIPTOR: This unit deals with the skills and knowledge required to converse orally in English in the workplace at a basic operational level.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA	UNIT VARIABLE AND ASSESSMENT GUIDE			
Element 1: Participate in simple	Unit Variables			
conversations on familiar topics with work colleagues	The Unit Variables provide advice to interpret the scope and context of this unit of competence, allowing for differences between enterprises and workplaces. It relates to the			
I.1 Use and respond appropriately to <i>opening comments</i>	unit as a whole and facilitates holistic assessment. This unit applies where conversing in English at a basic operational level is required within the labour divisions of the hotel and			
I.2 Comment on familiar topics	travel industries and may include:			
I.3 Talk about a past event	1. Front Office			
1.4 Use <i>closing remarks</i> appropriately to end	2. Housekeeping			
the conversation Element 2: Respond to simple verbal instructions or requests	3. Food and Beverage Service			
	4. Food Production			
2.1 Confirm understanding of supervisor's	5. Travel Agencies			
instructions or requests	6. Tour Operation			
2.2 Request repetition or clarification of instructions or requests	Opening comments may include:			
Element 3: Make simple requests	How are you?			
3.1 Use <i>polite forms</i> to make simple requests	How did your shift go?			
3.2 Thank the person responding to your	Is there anything I need to know?			
request3.3 Acknowledge the person who cannot respond to your request	You should be aware.			
	Familiar topics may include:			
	giving directions			
	• providing advice on the best places to shop, eat, hear music, view art, etc			

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Element 4: Describe routine procedures	providing advice about a customer's special needs				
4.1 Explain a <i>sequence</i> of events in carrying out a routine job	providing information				
	 referring a customer complaint to a supervisor. 				
4.2 Describe <i>exceptions</i> to routine procedures	Closing remarks may include:				
4.3 <i>Make suggestions</i> on how to improve routine procedures	 I hope you enjoy your stay/tour 				
Element 5: Express likes, dislikes and preferences	Goodbye and I hope we see you again soon				
	 Thank you for staying at; Please enjoy your tour. 				
5.1 Talk about likes and dislikes of familiar topics and situations	Confirm understanding of supervisor's information or requests may include:				
5.2 Discuss preferences and give reasons	So you want me to?				
Element 6: Identify different forms of expression in English	I understand you would like me to				
	Ways to seek repetition or clarification may include:				
6.1 Construct a formal sentence	Asking the person to repeat themselves, e.g.				
6.2 Identify indicators of <i>informal expressions in English</i>	 Would you mind saying that again? 				
	 Sorry I didn't catch that 				
6.3 Differentiate between 'open-ended' and 'closed' questions	Sorry I missed that				
	 Can you go over that again? Can you say that again please? 				
	Seeking clarification, e.g.				
	 What should I do when I finish that? 				
	 You would like me to swap shifts with you? 				
	Polite forms used for making requests may include:				
	 I wonder if you would do my afternoon shift for me tomorrow? 				
	Would it be possible to swap shifts?				
	Could I change shifts because I have to?				
	Sequence markers may include:				

• first
• then
after that
• next
at the end
• finally.
Exceptions to routine procedures may include:
sometimeshappens.
occasionally, I
 when happens, I usuallybut this doesn't happen very often.
Ways to make suggestions may include:
Why don't I check that for you?
I think it would be a good idea if
How about?
• Let's
 I think it would be a good idea if you
A formal sentence refers to:
 written or verbal language that is grammatically correct and uses the correct tense consistently within the same sentence or paragraph
 a sentence using modals, such as would, could.
Informal expressions in English refers to:
 written or verbal language that may not be grammatically correct and/or may contain colloquialisms, or expletives, or slang words.

An <i>'open-ended'</i> question refers to:			
 a question that is phrased to obtain a full answer e.g. 'Where would you like to go?' 			
A 'closed' question refers to:			
 a question that forces a choice e.g. a 'yes' or 'no' answer. 			
Assessment Guide			
The following skills and knowledge must be assessed as part of this unit:			
 ability to distinguish formal and informal expressions in English 			
ability to initiate conversations			
 ability to respond to opening conversation remarks 			
 ability to keep a conversation going on familiar topics 			
 ability to talk about past events using sequence markers and correct tense 			
 ability to close a conversation politely 			
 ability to ask pertinent questions to clarify instructions and requests 			
 ability to make polite requests 			
 ability to explain routine work procedures 			
 ability to make suggestions 			
 ability to discuss likes, dislikes and preferences. 			
Linkages To Other Units			
This unit may link to other ASEAN competency standards including:			
Communicate in English on a telephone			
Communicate on the telephone			
 Read and write English at a basic operational level 			
 Respond to instructions given in English 			
 Write a short message in English. 			

[]	Critical Aspects of Assessment			
	Evidence of the following is essential:			
	 understanding of the differences between formal and informal English demonstrated ability to use polite forms 			
	 demonstrated ability to participate in day to day casual conversations 			
	 demonstrated ability to use correct 'open' and 'closed' question forms; this includes the use of auxiliary verbs and questions 			
	 demonstrated ability to make polite requests; this includes the correct use of modals, such as would and could 			
	• demonstrated ability to explain routine procedures; this includes the correct use of sequence markers such as first, then, etc. and the use of adverbs to describe exceptions to routine procedures such as: usually, sometimes, often, occasionally			
	 demonstrated ability to make suggestions; this includes the correct use of modals, such as could and would 			
	 demonstrated ability to express likes, dislikes and preferences; this includes the correct use of verb forms. 			
	Context of Assessment			
	Assessment must ensure:			
	 actual or simulated workplace application of situations where people converse at a basic operational level in the workplace. 			
	Resource implications			
	Training and assessment must ensure there is access to suitably qualified English as a second language (ESL) teachers.			
	Assessment Methods			
	The following methods may be used to assess competency for this unit:			
	 observation of practical candidate performance 			
	interviews			
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	 role plays oral and written questions Key Competencies in this Unit 			
	Level 1 = competence to undertake tasks effectively			
	Level 2 = competence to manage tasks			
	Level 3 = competence to use concepts for evaluating and reshaping tasks			
	Key Competencies	Level	Examples	
	Collecting, organizing and analyzing information	1	Talk about familiar topics such as work routines, sport, the weather, current events	
	Communicating ideas and information	1	Participate in short casual conversations on familiar topics	
	Planning and organizing activities	1	Discuss routine work procedures	
	Working with others and in teams	1	Express likes, dislikes and preferences	
	Using mathematical ideas and techniques	1	Talk about time required to complete work tasks	
	Solving problems	1	Make suggestions	
	Using technology	1	Use a computer or photocopier	